

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Previously Presented) A method for obtaining and maintaining storage information related to storage characteristics of a table in a database, comprising:

baselining a table contained in the database, wherein the storage information is obtained;  
making an entry into a transaction log, wherein the entry contains the storage information;  
retrieving the storage information from the transaction log; and  
periodically updating the storage information by monitoring subsequent entries in the transaction log.

2. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 1, further comprising:  
locking a particular table to be baselined, thereby preventing modifications of the particular table;

making an entry into the transaction log that the particular table is to be baselined;  
preparing a storage area to receive the storage information for the particular table; and  
unlocking the particular table after it is baselined, wherein access to the particular table is restored.

3. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 2, further comprising:  
sending the storage information to a requesting entity, wherein a portion of the storage information is row identifications; and

deleting the row identifications, wherein the requesting entity maintains the row identifications.

4. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 3, wherein the periodically updating step includes adding row identifications to the storage information when a first particular entry in the transaction log indicates a new chained row, and removing row identifications from the storage information when a second particular entry indicates a changed row has been removed.

5. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the storage information includes information reflecting a block count, number of rows, average row length, average free space, and number of chained/migrated rows in the table.

6. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein a function native to the database performs the baselining step, an initial routine performs making an entry steps, and a monitoring routine performs the retrieving and periodically updating steps.

7. (Previously Presented) The method as recited in claim 1, further comprising repeating the baselining and making an entry steps for additional tables as specified by a user.

8. (Previously Presented) A computer system, containing a database, that executes a database system program for managing data contained in the database, and a storage information program that computes and monitors storage information for the database, comprising:

a processor; and

memory units, electrically connected to the processor, wherein the database system program directs the processor to retrieve portions of the database from the memory units for manipulation by the processor, and the storage information program directs the computer system to operate in a mode of operation to compute and monitor the storage information, wherein

a table contained in the database is baselined by the database system program, wherein the storage information is obtained;

an entry into a transaction log is made, wherein the entry contains the storage information; and

the monitoring routine retrieves the storage information from the transaction log, and periodically updates the storage information by monitoring subsequent entries in the transaction log.

9. (Previously Presented) The computer system as recited in claim 8, wherein the compute and monitor mode of operation further includes:

locking a particular table to be baselined, thereby preventing modification to the particular table;

making an entry into the transaction log that the particular table is to be baselined;

preparing a storage area to receive the storage information for the particular table; and

unlocking the particular table after it is baselined, wherein access to the particular table is restored.

10. (Previously Presented) The computer system as recited in claim 9, wherein the compute and monitor mode of operation further includes:

sending the storage information to a requesting entity, wherein a portion of the storage information is row identifications; and

deleting the row identifications, wherein the requesting entity maintains the row identifications.

11. (Previously Presented) The computer system is recited in claim 10, wherein the compute and monitor mode of operation further includes the monitoring routine adding row

identifications to the storage information when a first particular entry in the transaction log indicates a new chained row, and removing row identifications from the storage information when a second particular entry indicates a changed row has been removed.

12. (Previously Presented) The computer system as recited in claim 8, wherein the storage information includes information reflecting a block count, number of rows, average row length, average free space, and number of chained/migrated rows in the table.

13. (Previously Presented) The computer system as recited in claim 8, wherein the database system program is a database system program produced by Oracle Corporation.

14. (Previously Presented) The computer system as recited in claim 8, wherein the compute and monitor mode of operation further includes baselining each table in the database, and making an entry into the transaction log for each table baselined.

15. (Cancelled) A computer system, containing a database, that executes a database system program for managing data contained in the database, and a storage information program that computes and monitors storage information for the database, comprising:

means for processor information;

means for storing information, electrically connected to the processor;

means for baselining a table contained in the database, wherein the storage information is obtained;

means for making an entry into a transaction log, wherein the entry contains the storage information;

means for retrieving the storage information from the transaction log; and

means for periodically updating the storage information by monitoring subsequent entries in the transaction log.

16. (Cancelled) The computer system as recited in claims 15, further comprising:  
  
means for locking a particular table to be baselined, thereby preventing modification of the particular table;  
  
means for making an entry into the transaction log that the particular table is to be baselined;  
  
means for preparing a storage area to receive the storage information for the particular table; and  
  
means for unlocking the particular table after it is baselined, wherein access to the particular table is restored.

17. (Cancelled) The computer system as recited in claim 16, further comprising:  
  
means for sending the storage information to a requesting entity, wherein a portion of the storage information is row identifications; and  
  
means for deleting the row identifications, wherein the requesting entity maintains the row identifications.

18. (Cancelled) The computer system as recited in claim 17, further comprising  
  
means for adding row identifications to the storage information when a first particular entry in the transaction log indicates a new chained row, and means for removing row identifications from the storage information when a second particular entry indicates a chained row has been removed.

19. (Cancelled) The computer system as recited in claim 15, wherein the storage information includes information reflecting a block count, number of rows, average row length, average free space, and number of chained/migrated rows in the table.

20. (Cancelled) The computer system as recited in claim 15, wherein the database system program is a database system program produced by Oracle Corporation.

21. (Cancelled) The computer system as recited in claim 15, further comprising means for baselining each table in the database, and means for making an entry into the transaction log for each table baselined.

22. (Newly Added) A computer-readable storage medium storing software executable by a computer system and designed to obtain and maintain storage information related to storage characteristics of a table in a database, the software comprising instructions for:

- locking a table, thereby preventing modifications of the table;
- making a first entry into a transaction log that the table is to be baselined;
- baselining the table, wherein the storage information is obtained;
- unlocking the table after it is baselined, wherein access to the particular table is restored;
- preparing a storage area to receive the storage information for the table;
- making a second entry into the transaction log, wherein the second entry contains the storage information;
- retrieving the storage information from the transaction log; and
- periodically updating the storage information by monitoring subsequent entries in the transaction log.

23. (Newly Added) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 22, wherein the stored software further comprises instructions for:

- sending the storage information to a requesting entity, wherein a portion of the storage information is row identifications; and

deleting the row identifications, wherein the requesting entity maintains the row identifications.

24. (Newly Added) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 23, wherein the stored software further comprises instructions for periodically updating the storage information by adding row identifications to the storage information when a third entry in the transaction log indicates a new chained row, and removing row identifications from the storage information when a fourth entry indicates a chained row has been removed.

25. (Newly Added) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 22, wherein the stored software further comprises instructions for baselining the table to obtain storage information comprising information reflecting a block count, number of rows, average row length, average free space, and number of chained/migrated rows in the table.

26. (Newly Added) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 22, wherein the stored software further comprises instructions for:

using a function native to the database to baseline the database;

using an initial routine to make the entries into the transaction log; and

using a monitoring routine to retrieve the storage information from the transaction log and to periodically update the storage information.

27. (Newly Added) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 22, wherein the stored software further comprises instructions for repeatedly baselining the table and making entries into the transaction log as specified by a user.